

Lesson 3 – What Does it Mean to Believe?

Use this page to answer the matching questions in Lesson 3. Submit this page along with the other question pages for this lesson, they are found in your *Answer Tablet*. Mail or email all the pages for correction.

III. Match the terms in the following columns.

- | | |
|---|---|
| __41. Faith can be deepened | 41. Because He is all wise |
| __42. Humility | 42. Confidence in someone |
| __43. Credibility | 43. Belief in human beings |
| __44. Strict mystery | 44. Theological virtue that enables one to have the confidence of receiving the grace necessary to reach Heaven |
| __45. Trust | 45. Theological virtue that enables one to believe that what God has revealed is true |
| __46. God cannot deceive | 46. Having faith that God exists and having personal adherence to Him |
| __47. Credulity | 47. Giving free assent to all that God has revealed |
| __48. Virtue of hope | 48. Biblical miracles |
| __49. Divine faith | 49. Recognition of our total dependence on God |
| __50. Believing in God (the believer) | 50. Assent of the mind to what God has revealed to us |
| __51. God cannot be deceived | 51. Unreasonable faith |
| __52. Believing God (the believer) | 52. Incomprehensible to the created mind |
| __53. Human faith | 53. Crowning miracle of the Christian faith |
| __54. Miracles | 54. Ecclesiastical miracles |
| __55. Without faith | 55. Because He is all good |
| __56. Christ's Resurrection | 56. God speaking to us |
| __57. Virtue of faith | 57. Final basis of the credibility of Christian faith |
| __58. Miracles performed by God in the Church after the Apostolic Age | 58. By prayer, study and the practice of what we believe |
| __59. Divine Revelation-Sacred Scripture and Sacred Tradition | 59. Rational grounds for belief |
| __60. Miracles described in the Old and New Testaments | 60. There cannot be hope |

Lesson 7 – The Apostles’ Creed: Article 3

Use this page to answer the matching questions in Lesson 7. Submit this page along with the other question pages for this lesson, they are found in your *Answer Tablet*. Mail or email all the pages for correction.

II. Match the terms in the following columns.

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|-------|--|-----|--|
| __46. | <i>Munificentissimus Deus</i> | 46. | Defined Mary’s Divine Maternity |
| __47. | Assumption | 47. | Nestorius, Patriarch of Constantinople |
| __48. | Feast of Mary Mother of God | 48. | Tool to teach others how to become holy |
| __49. | Council of Ephesus | 49. | A special privilege of extraordinary grace guaranteed this immunity from sin |
| __50. | Sacred Tradition | 50. | Veneration given to Mary and the saints |
| __51. | Claimed Christ was two persons | 51. | Adoration due only to God |
| __52. | <i>Imitation of Christ</i> by A’Kempis | 52. | A Source of Divine Revelation |
| __53. | Intercession by Mary | 53. | Apostolic Constitution by Pope Pius XII |
| __54. | Does not detract from glory due to God | 54. | Mary taken into Heaven body and soul |
| __55. | <i>Latria</i> | 55. | January 1 |
| __56. | Mary could not sin | 56. | Mary’s mediation of grace from Christ to us |
| __57. | John the Apostle at Calvary | 57. | Devil |
| __58. | <i>Theotokos</i> | 58. | Mother of God |
| __59. | First Gospel | 59. | “Behold your mother” |
| __60. | Serpent in <i>Genesis</i> | 60. | Chapter 3 of <i>Genesis</i> , the <i>Protoevangelium</i> |

Lesson 13 – The Apostles’ Creed: Article 9, The Catholic Church and the Communion of Saints

Use this page to answer the matching questions in Lesson 13. Submit this page along with the other question pages for this lesson, they are found in your *Answer Tablet*. Mail or email all the pages for correction.

III. Match the terms in the following columns.

- | | |
|---|--|
| __33. Credibility | 33. Holiness |
| __34. Prophecy | 34. Unbroken transmission of episcopal powers, through ordination, from the Apostles |
| __35. Roman Pontiff | 35. Visible source and foundation of unity of faith and communion |
| __36. Sanctity | 36. Universality of the Church founded by Christ |
| __37. The Eucharist | 37. The Church founded by Christ as the visible channel of the graces He won for us on the Cross |
| __38. Exercise of the Extraordinary Magisterium | 38. Pope John XXIII |
| __39. Apostolicity | 39. Rational basis for belief |
| __40. Catholicity | 40. Worthy reception perfects and sustains the oneness of the members of the Church |
| __41. Universal Sacrament of Salvation | 41. Communication inspired directly from God |
| __42. Called the Second Vatican Council | 42. Ex cathedra pronouncements |

Lesson 16 – The Apostles’ Creed: Article 12, Life Everlasting

Use this page to answer the matching questions in Lesson 16. Submit this page along with the other question pages for this lesson, they are found in your *Answer Tablet*. Mail or email all the pages for correction.

The Joys of Heaven

III. Match the terms in the following columns.

- | | |
|--|---|
| __46. Eternal life is this, | 46. The Lord Jesus Christ, who will change our lowly body to be like His glorious Body |
| __47. This mortal nature | 47. But your sorrow will turn to joy |
| __48. The things that no eye has seen, and no ear has heard, things beyond the mind of man | 48. But we seek the city which is to come |
| __49. Death shall be no more, neither shall there be mourning nor crying nor pain any more | 49. To know you, the only true God Jesus Christ whom you have sent |
| __50. But our commonwealth is in Heaven, and from it we await a Savior | 50. Take for your heritage the Kingdom prepared for you since the foundation of the world |
| __51. They will see Him face-to-face | 51. And to die is gain |
| __52. And when I go and prepare a place for you, I will come again | 52. Would I have told you that I go to prepare a place for you? |
| __53. Behold, I am coming soon | 53. We shall see Him as He really is |
| __54. Ask and you will receive | 54. Must put on immortality |
| __55. In my Father’s house are many rooms; if it were not so | 55. And will take you to myself, that where I am you may be also |
| __56. You will be sorrowful | 56. All that God has prepared for those who love Him |
| __57. For here we have no lasting city | 57. And so your joy will be complete |
| __58. We shall be like Him because | 58. For the former things have passed away |
| __59. Come, you whom my Father has blessed | 59. And His name will be written on their foreheads |
| __60. For me to live is Christ | 60. Bringing my recompense, to repay every one for what he has done |

Lesson 24 - The Sacrament of Matrimony

Read the article, "[Sacrament of Matrimony](#)" by Father John A. Hardon, S.J., revised and updated by Raymond Leo Cardinal Burke.

Use these pages to answer the questions for Lesson 24. Submit these pages for correction.

I. Indicate whether the following statements are true or false.

- 1. Marriage was originally a civil, social contract.
- 2. Marriage was first instituted by God.
- 3. Marriage is radically different from all other contracts.
- 4. Originally marriage was monogamous.
- 5. Our First Parents had no concupiscence before the fall.
- 6. Marriage is a covenant, not a contract.
- 7. Marriage is made valid by intercourse.
- 8. To be valid, a couple must voluntarily enter marriage.
- 9. A purpose of marriage is to foster unitive love.
- 10. A purpose of marriage is to foster procreative love.
- 11. We can prove from Scripture when Christ explicitly instituted the Sacrament of Matrimony.
- 12. It is an Article of revealed Faith that Christ raised marriage to the level of a Sacrament.
- 13. The Sacrament of Matrimony cannot be received by a non-baptized person.
- 14. Only a person in the state of grace can receive the Sacrament of Matrimony.
- 15. Both partners must be baptized for either of them to receive the Sacrament of Matrimony.
- 16. To receive the graces of the Sacrament of Matrimony, a person must be in the state of grace.
- 17. Unless a person intends a lifelong union, the marriage is invalid.
- 18. Every marriage is absolutely indissoluble.
- 19. Every sacramental marriage is absolutely indissoluble.
- 20. A sacramental, consummated marriage cannot be dissolved.
- 21. Some forms of contraception prevent consummation of a marriage.

II. Match the terms in the following columns.

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 22. To foster unitive procreative love | 22. Receive the Sacrament of Matrimony if marriage is valid |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 23. Natural (legitimate) marriage | 23. Terms used when the Sacrament of Matrimony is validly received by two baptized persons |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 24. Indissolubility of marriage | 24. Forbidden to all human beings since the time of Christ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 25. Two baptized persons | 25. Necessary for a valid marital contract |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 26. Ratified or sacramental marriage | 26. Governs the validity of marriage for baptized persons |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 27. Can be dissolved | 27. Purpose of marriage |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 28. Polygamy | 28. The permanence of marriage which cannot be broken by the spouses |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 29. Unity of marriage | 29. Marriage which is not a Sacrament |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 30. Free mutual consent | 30. Natural (legitimate) marriage |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 31. Church (Ecclesiastical) law | 31. Exclusive union of one man with one woman |

I. Indicate whether the following statements are true or false.

- 32. Nature has ordained conjugal love toward procreation.
- 33. Christ personally elevated marriage to a Sacrament.
- 34. Both partners must be baptized for either to receive the Sacrament of Matrimony.
- 35. Provided just one partner is baptized, he or she receives the Sacrament of Marriage.
- 36. Parents have the inalienable right to educate their children.
- 37. Only the parents receive grace from the Sacrament of Matrimony.
- 38. Sexual relations outside of marriage are grave sins.
- 39. Sterility invalidates marriage.
- 40. Impotency does not invalidate marriage.
- 41. Historically, marriage was originally monogamous.
- 42. Polygamy was the original condition of marriage.
- 43. Polygamy was never permissible.
- 44. Polygamy is now permissible to non-Christians.
- 45. Marriage was instituted solely for procreation.
- 46. Large families are encouraged.
- 47. What today is called Natural Family Planning began in the 1950's.
- 48. Pius XI's *Casti Connubii* is referred to by Vatican II.
- 49. Only a consummated sacramental marriage is absolutely indissoluble.
- 50. Monogamy is the normal practice in all major religions.
- 51. The family is the foundation of society.
- 52. Homosexuality destroys a society.

II. Match the terms in the following columns.

- | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 53. Contraception | 53. Conjugal chastity in marriage |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 54. Marital fidelity | 54. Inseparable in marriage |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 55. <i>Familiaris Consortio</i> | 55. Forbidden by the natural law |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 56. Mutual love and procreation | 56. Pope Pius XI |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 57. <i>Casti Connubii</i> | 57. Pope John Paul II |

Canon Law (Canons 1055-1107)

I. Indicate whether the following statements are true or false.

- 58. Marriage was a Sacrament before the time of Christ.
- 59. Every valid marriage between baptized persons is also a Sacrament.
- 60. The unity of marriage excludes polygamy.
- 61. The indissolubility of marriage forbids divorce with remarriage.
- 62. Only a consummated sacramental marriage is absolutely indissoluble.
- 63. It is not essential for the marriage consent to be given in person by the marrying partners.
- 64. The Catholic Church has authority only over marriages of Catholics.
- 65. In case of doubt, a marriage must be presumed to be valid.
- 66. Only natural intercourse consummates a marriage.
- 67. A promise to marry, if seriously made, is seriously binding in conscience.
- 68. Married partners have a grave duty to assist each other to grow in holiness.
- 69. Confirmation should be received before marriage.
- 70. The Church urges Catholics about to marry to receive the Sacraments of Penance and the Holy Eucharist.

- 71. It is not mandated that the faithful make known to Church authorities any impediments that may exist to an intended marriage, of which they are aware.
- 72. No matter what their age, a couple may not marry without their parents' permission.
- 73. Young persons in every society, though canonically eligible to marry, should nonetheless be forbidden to marry.
- 74. Marriage is not brought about by the lawfully manifested consent of both parties.
- 75. Matrimonial consent is an act of the will.
- 76. In order to marry validly, the man must have completed his sixteenth year, and the woman her fourteenth year.
- 77. The Conference of Bishops is allowed to reduce the canonical age for marriage.
- 78. Sterility does not invalidate marriage.
- 79. Impotence, as described in Canon Law, does invalidate marriage.
- 80. Without a dispensation, marriage between a Catholic and a non-baptized person is illicit but valid.
- 81. In every valid marriage there is a marriage bond.

II. Match the terms in the following columns.

- | | |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 82. Valid marriage between baptized persons | <input type="checkbox"/> 82. Necessary to assist validly at the marriage of a Catholic |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 83. Diriment impediment | <input type="checkbox"/> 83. Necessary for valid consent in matrimonial consent |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 84. Faculties to officiate at marriage | <input type="checkbox"/> 84. Always a Sacrament |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 85. Sufficient use of reason | <input type="checkbox"/> 85. Facts or circumstances which render a person unable to contract marriage validly |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 86. Error about indissolubility of marriage | <input type="checkbox"/> 86. When two persons have a close biological or blood relationship |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 87. Diriment impediment of consanguinity | <input type="checkbox"/> 87. Marriage is not allowed |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 88. When there is any doubt about being too closely related | <input type="checkbox"/> 88. When two persons have an in-law relationship |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 89. Diriment impediment of affinity | <input type="checkbox"/> 89. Inability to have children |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 90. Diriment impediment of impotence | <input type="checkbox"/> 90. Invalidates marriage if it determines the will, so that the person does not intend a lifetime marital commitment |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 91. Sterility | <input type="checkbox"/> 91. Inability to have marital relations |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 92. Consummated sacramental marriage | <input type="checkbox"/> 92. Natural (legitimate) marriage |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 93. Marriage of two unbaptized persons | <input type="checkbox"/> 93. Absolutely indissoluble |

I. Indicate whether the following statements are true or false.

- 94. A Catholic cannot validly marry without a dispensation, except before an authorized priest or deacon.
- 95. Every priest may validly assist at a Catholic marriage.
- 96. Pastors cannot give a general faculty to priests to assist at marriage.
- 97. Lay persons can be delegated to assist at marriage in place of priests or deacons.
- 98. Every person baptized in the Catholic Church is bound by the canonical form of marriage even when there is danger of death.
- 99. Without proper permission, marriage of a Catholic to a baptized non-Catholic is invalid.

- ___ 100. The Catholic and non-Catholic partners in a mixed (inter-faith) marriage must agree to bring up the children Catholic.
- ___ 101. Marriages may never be celebrated in secret.
- ___ 102. Every valid marriage is indissoluble by nature.
- ___ 103. Sacramental marriage is absolutely indissoluble.
- ___ 104. Children born of a putative marriage are illegitimate.
- ___ 105. Illegitimate children can never be legitimized.
- ___ 106. Ratified or sacramental, consummated marriage is indissoluble except by death.
- ___ 107. Non-consummated marriages can be dissolved by the Bishop.
- ___ 108. The Pauline Privilege dissolves natural marriages.
- ___ 109. Only natural intercourse consummates marriage.
- ___ 110. Only the Pauline Privilege can dissolve a natural marriage.
- ___ 111. Marriage between a non-baptized and a non-Catholic baptized person can be dissolved.
- ___ 112. A polygamist, on being baptized, must marry his first wife, i.e., he must dismiss all his wives except the first one.
- ___ 113. The Church earnestly recommends that an adulterous spouse be pardoned by their faithful spouse.

II. Match the terms in the following columns.

- | | |
|--|--|
| ___ 114. Ratified marriages are | 114. Requirement for a valid sacramental marriage between any baptized persons |
| ___ 115. Pauline Privilege | 115. Grounds for separation |
| ___ 116. Mixed (inter-faith) marriage promises | 116. Convalidation without new consent of the parties |
| ___ 117. Natural (legitimate) marriage bond | 117. When one or both are not baptized before marriage. |
| ___ 118. Simple convalidation | 118. Canonical form |
| ___ 119. Prescribed form in Canon Law for the valid marriage of a Catholic | 119. Previous existing marriage bond rendering the person unqualified to contract marriage validly |
| ___ 120. Must possess the proper "capacity" | 120. Always sacramental marriages |
| ___ 121. Serious danger to spirit or body | 121. Required of the Catholic spouse |
| ___ 122. Radical sanation | 122. Dissolves a natural (legitimate) marriage |
| ___ 123. Diriment impediment of divine law | 123. Convalidation with new consent of the parties |

Lesson 26 – The Ten Commandments and the Beatitudes

Use this page to answer the 1st set of matching questions in Lesson 26. Submit this page along with the other question pages for this lesson, they are found in your *Answer Tablet*. Mail or email all the pages for correction.

II. Match the terms in the following columns.

- | | |
|---|---|
| ___ 41. Virtue of religion | 41. Virtue that controls inordinate fear in the face of difficulties in performing one's duty |
| ___ 42. Distributive justice | 42. Virtue that enables us to control our sexual desires |
| ___ 43. Virtue of fortitude | 43. Virtue that enables us to render to God the worship He deserves |
| ___ 44. Virtue of chastity | 44. Just distribution of goods to the citizens by those who have authority in a State |
| ___ 45. Virtue that enables us to give everyone his or her rightful due | 45. Virtue of temperance |
| ___ 46. Cardinal virtues | 46. Virtue of bravery in facing difficulties, more aggressive in undertaking than fortitude |
| ___ 47. Acts as a moral brake-moderates the desire for pleasure | 47. Virtue of justice |
| ___ 48. Seven principle forms of Concupiscence | 48. Capital sins-pride, avarice, lust, envy, gluttony, anger and sloth |
| ___ 49. The virtue opposed to pride | 49. Slanderer |
| ___ 50. Temptations from within ourselves such as lust or gluttony | 50. Mystical Body on earth |
| ___ 51. The "world" as a source of temptation | 51. "God Himself tempts no one" |
| ___ 52. Virtues opposed to anger | 52. The "flesh" as source of temptation |
| ___ 53. Theological virtues | 53. Virtue of humility |
| ___ 54. Humiliations | 54. Sloth |
| ___ 55. Avarice | 55. Greed |
| ___ 56. Natural desire for ease | 56. Prudence, justice, temperance and fortitude |
| ___ 57. Devil | 57. Road to growth in humility |
| ___ 58. Church Militant | 58. Virtues of patience and meekness |
| ___ 59. Saint James 1:13 | 59. Infused at Baptism |
| ___ 60. Virtue of courage | 60. Other human beings soliciting us to sin by their lifestyle, speech or sinful action |

Lesson 26 – The Ten Commandments and the Beatitudes

Use this page to answer the 2nd set of matching questions in Lesson 26. Submit this page along with the other question pages for this lesson, they are found in your *Answer Tablet*. Mail or email all the pages for correction.

I. Match the terms in the following columns

- | | |
|--|--|
| ___ 91. Meekness | 91. Tend to become habits |
| ___ 92. Sadness | 92. Four beatitudes and four woes |
| ___ 93. Desires | 93. The wish to do something forbidden |
| ___ 94. Mercy from God | 94. Deceptive happiness by doing one's own self-will |
| ___ 95. Authentic happiness | 95. Sin |
| ___ 96. Fifth Beatitude-"Blessed are the merciful" | 96. The experience of suffering |
| ___ 97. Moral evil | 97. Tend to become actions |
| ___ 98. Actions | 98. Sermon on the Mount |
| ___ 99. Spurious happiness | 99. Sources of all temptations |
| ___ 100. The will | 100. Favorite temptation of the devil |
| ___ 101. Human respect | 101. The Church's normal condition |
| ___ 102. Evil desire | 102. Only in doing God's will |
| ___ 103. Saint Luke | 103. "For they shall obtain mercy" |
| ___ 104. Pain | 104. Purity of heart |
| ___ 105. Physical evil | 105. Naturally desires the good |
| ___ 106. The world, the flesh, and the devil | 106. Moderates anger |
| ___ 107. Christ elevates the Decalogue | 107. Acceptance by the world |
| ___ 108. Absolute evil | 108. Eternity of Hell |
| ___ 109. Persecution | 109. Pain |
| ___ 110. Sinlessness | 110. Depends on our mercy |

Lesson 27 – First Commandment

Use this page to answer the matching questions in Lesson 27. Submit this page along with the other question pages for this lesson, they are found in your *Answer Tablet*. Mail or email all the pages for correction.

II. Match the terms in the following columns

- | | |
|--|---|
| ___ 26. Dreams | 26. Lord |
| ___ 27. “You shall know that I am the Lord” | 27. An act of religion by which God is acknowledged as alone worthy of supreme honor |
| ___ 28. <i>Adonai</i> | 28. Rejects or denies the existence of God |
| ___ 29. Must exist | 29. The alleged ability to foretell future events |
| ___ 30. Creature | 30. St. Paul’s <i>First Letter to the Corinthians</i> 11:27-30 |
| ___ 31. Adoration | 31. The worship of Satan |
| ___ 32. Three duties prescribed by First Commandment | 32. Tempting God |
| ___ 33. We must pray with | 33. Desecration of something sacred or consecrated to God |
| ___ 34. Virtue of religion | 34. Necessary Being |
| ___ 35. Atheism | 35. Giving divine honors to a creature |
| ___ 36. Sacrifice | 36. “Your God” |
| ___ 37. Sacrifice of self | 37. Surrendering of one’s self-will to God |
| ___ 38. Fortune-telling | 38. Made from nothing by God |
| ___ 39. Idolatry | 39. Adoration, prayer and sacrifice |
| ___ 40. Satanism | 40. <i>Acts of the Apostles</i> 8:18-24 |
| ___ 41. Superstition | 41. Moral virtue by which we are disposed to render to God the worship He deserves |
| ___ 42. Demanding God to do something to show His divine wisdom or might | 42. An awareness of God—of being in His presence and with whom we are conversing |
| ___ 43. Sacrilege | 43. Surrendering of something precious for the love of God |
| ___ 44. Simony | 44. Unbecoming worship to God-attributing power to certain practices or objects, like charms or omens |
| ___ 45. Sacrilegious Holy Communion | 45. May contain hidden meaning |

Lesson 28 - Second Commandment

Use this page to answer the matching questions in Lesson 28. Submit this page along with the other question pages for this lesson, they are found in your *Answer Tablet*. Mail or email all the pages for correction.

II. Match the terms in the following columns

- | | |
|---|---|
| ___ 31. Tongue is a pest | 31. Sensible signs, instituted by Jesus Christ, by which invisible grace and inward sanctification are communicated to the soul |
| ___ 32. "He who blasphemes the name of the Lord" | 32. Dishonor to God by neglect of prayer |
| ___ 33. The invocation of God's name to bear witness to the truth | 33. <i>James</i> 3:2-12 |
| ___ 34. Perjury | 34. Using the name of God to confirm a command or a request |
| ___ 35. Adjuration | 35. "They shall cast out demons" |
| ___ 36. Practice of exorcism | 36. "Shall be put to death" |
| ___ 37. Not to make petitions to God | 37. <i>Matthew</i> 12:17 |
| ___ 38. Blasphemy | 38. Anointed One (Greek) |
| ___ 39. "In my name" | 39. To swear or take an oath |
| ___ 40. "Profane not my holy name" | 40. Reserved only to priests and bishops |
| ___ 41. "At the name of Jesus every knee should bow" | 41. Swearing to a falsehood |
| ___ 42. "In his name will the Gentiles hope" | 42. <i>Leviticus</i> 22:2 |
| ___ 43. Jesus | 43. <i>Philippians</i> 2:10 |
| ___ 44. Christ | 44. Savior |
| ___ 45. Sacraments | 45. Speaking against God in a contemptuous, scornful or abusive manner-the worst sin against the Second Commandment |
| ___ 46. Vow | 46. "For the world" |
| ___ 47. "Watch and pray" | 47. "To pray" |
| ___ 48. "He went into the hills by himself" | 48. "That you may not enter into temptation" |
| ___ 49. "I am not praying" | 49. <i>Matthew</i> 5:33-37 |
| ___ 50. "You must fulfill your oaths to the Lord" | 50. A free, deliberate promise made to God to do something that is good and that is more pleasing to God than its omission |

Lesson 29 - Third Commandment

Use this page to answer the matching questions in Lesson 29. Submit this page along with the other question pages for this lesson, they are found in your *Answer Tablet*. Mail or email all the pages for correction.

II. Match the terms in the following columns

- | | |
|---|---|
| ___ 21. "On the seventh day He rested" | 21. St. Benedict |
| ___ 22. Didache says, "On the Lord's Day, assemble in common" | 22. Liturgy of the Eucharist |
| ___ 23. Sun of Justice | 23. Sabbath |
| ___ 24. Servile work | 24. Writing, typing, painting, drawing, teaching, studying |
| ___ 25. "The Son of Man" | 25. <i>Malachi</i> 4:2 |
| ___ 26. "Remember that you were a servant in the land of Egypt" | 26. Teaching of the Twelve Apostles |
| ___ 27. Social worship of God | 27. Liturgy of the Hours |
| ___ 28. Hebrew word for rest | 28. Bidding prayer |
| ___ 29. On Sundays and other holy days of obligation | 29. <i>Exodus</i> 20:11 |
| ___ 30. Divine Office | 30. Prescribed by the Third Commandment |
| ___ 31. <i>Opus Dei</i> | 31. "And the Lord your God brought you out" |
| ___ 32. <i>Corpus Christi</i> | 32. "Is Lord of the Sabbath" |
| ___ 33. Sacrifice of the Mass | 33. Thursday after the Feast of the Holy Trinity |
| ___ 34. Prayer of the Faithful | 34. Faithful are obliged to assist at Mass |
| ___ 35. Not considered servile work | 35. Heavy manual labor or activities that hinder renewal of soul and body |

Lesson 30 - Fourth Commandment

Use this page to answer the matching questions in Lesson 30. Submit this page along with the other question pages for this lesson, they are found in your *Answer Tablet*. Mail or email all the pages for correction.

II. Match the terms in the following columns

- | | |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 31. Piety | 31. Honor given to those in authority, those in authority honor those under their authority |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 32. Duty of State | 32. <i>Ephesians</i> 6:1 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 33. Filial piety | 33. Obedience to the State |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 34. Family solidarity | 34. Promote the holiness of Christ's faithful |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 35. "He was subject to them" | 35. Duty of children to honor their parents |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 36. Golden Rule <i>Luke</i> 6:31 | 36. Pope Pius XI |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 37. Two kinds of honor to be shown | 37. <i>Luke</i> 2:51 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 38. "The eye that mocks a father and scorns to obey a mother will be picked out by the ravens" | 38. Respect the rights of its citizens |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 39. "Be obedient to your parents in the Lord" | 39. <i>Matthew</i> 28:19-20 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 40. "Observe all that I have commanded you" | 40. Treat others as you want them to treat you |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 41. Duty of citizens | 41. Pope John Paul II |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 42. "Obedience to God comes before obedience to men" | 42. Honor and reverence toward those responsible for our existence or well-being |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 43. <i>Quadregesimo Anno</i> | 43. <i>Acts of the Apostles</i> 5:29 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 44. <i>Familiaris Consortio</i> | 44. <i>Proverbs</i> 30:17 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 45. Duty of Bishops | 45. Selfless charity among a community of persons |

Lesson 33 - Seventh And Tenth Commandment

Use this page to answer the matching questions in Lesson 33. Submit this page along with the other question pages for this lesson, they are found in your *Answer Tablet*. Mail or email all the pages for correction.

II. Match the terms in the following columns.

- | | |
|---|---|
| ___ 26. "Keep your life free from love of money" | 26. "On earth" |
| ___ 27. Chosen by lot | 27. Making reparation for a wrong done |
| ___ 28. "Do not lay up for yourselves treasures" | 28. "For he had great possessions" |
| ___ 29. "You cannot serve God" | 29. <i>Luke</i> 16:8-9 |
| ___ 30. Warn those who are rich | 30. Charity |
| ___ 31. Restitution | 31. Pope Pius XI |
| ___ 32. Poverty of spirit | 32. "In heaven" |
| ___ 33. "Make friends for yourselves by means of unrighteous mammon" | 33. "And be content with what you have" |
| ___ 34. On Atheistic Communism (<i>Divini Redemptoris</i>) | 34. "Not to set their hopes on uncertain riches but on God" (1 <i>Timothy</i> 6:17) |
| ___ 35. "Lay up for yourselves treasures" | 35. "And money" |
| ___ 36. "When the young man heard this he went away sorrowful" | 36. St. Matthias |
| ___ 37. On the Development of Peoples (<i>Populorum Progressio</i>) | 37. Pope Paul VI |
| ___ 38. On Social Concern (<i>Sollicitudo Rei Socialis</i>) | 38. First Beatitude |
| ___ 39. Justice must be elevated by | 39. Pope John Paul II |
| ___ 40. The root of all evils | 40. Love of money |

Lesson 36 - The Lord's Prayer

Use this page to answer the matching questions in Lesson 36. Submit this page along with the other question pages for this lesson, they are found in your *Answer Tablet*. Mail or email all the pages for correction.

II. Match the terms in the following columns.

- | | |
|---|---|
| ___ 81. <i>Pater Noster</i> | 81. Prayer for our needs |
| ___ 82. Prayer of Petition | 82. <i>Sanctificetur nomen tuum</i> |
| ___ 83. Heaven | 83. "Forgive us our trespasses" |
| ___ 84. "Hallowed be Thy Name" | 84. Liar |
| ___ 85. Sacred time | 85. Favorite temptations of the devil |
| ___ 86. Prayer for mercy | 86. <i>Our Father</i> |
| ___ 87. Devil | 87. The place and condition of perfect supernatural happiness |
| ___ 88. Temptations to sadness and discouragement | 88. Because we are all creatures of God |
| ___ 89. God's will in Heaven | 89. Time set aside for prayer |
| ___ 90. Tempted by the devil | 90. The beatific vision |
| ___ 91. No temptation is too strong | 91. Three sources of temptation |
| ___ 92. We are all children of God | 92. Concupiscence |
| ___ 93. Seeing God by intuitive vision and face-to-face | 93. Provided we pray for help |
| ___ 94. The world, the flesh and the devil | 94. Even experienced by Christ |
| ___ 95. Unruly passions | 95. Done by everyone perfectly |

III. Second Set of Matching

- | | |
|--|---|
| ___ 96. Trespasses | 96. Gentleness in the practice of charity |
| ___ 97. Kindness | 97. First meaning of the second petition |
| ___ 98. That the Catholic Church, may grow in numbers and holiness | 98. Prayer for God's greater glory |
| ___ 99. First three petitions of <i>Pater Noster</i> | 99. Offenses |
| ___ 100. "Our Father, Who art in Heaven" | 100. Eternal punishment |
| ___ 101. Worst of all evil | 101. First meaning of the fourth petition |
| ___ 102. Protection from the devil | 102. Act of adoration of God |
| ___ 103. Cheerfulness | 103. "Give us this day our daily bread" |
| ___ 104. <i>Adveniat regnum tuum</i> | 104. God's holiness |
| ___ 105. Total otherness of God | 105. <i>Pater noster, qui es in caelis</i> |
| ___ 106. <i>Panem nostrum quotidianum da nobis hodie</i> | 106. A meaning of the last petition |
| ___ 107. The Holy Eucharist | 107. External witness of interior joy from doing God's will |
| ___ 108. Opening invocation of <i>Pater Noster</i> | 108. "Thy Kingdom come" |
| ___ 109. <i>Fiat voluntas tua</i> | 109. Depends on our doing the will of God |
| ___ 110. True happiness in this life | 110. "Thy will be done" |